Booking ID: 469146911

Dummy Patient

Female, 69 Years

Health Profile



About Report

Here are the sections that explain what to expect from this report



1 Summary

This section summarizes your key test results and important health details. It provides a clear overview of your critical parameters and any areas that may need attention for improvement.



2 Historical Charts

These charts illustrate how your health has changed over time, showing the trends of key health measures based on your previous tests.

Reviewing these helps you understand your health ups and downs.



3 Lab Test Results

This part provides a detailed overview of your test results, including the tests performed, ideal outcomes, and how your results compare, with key points highlighted.



4 Recommendation

Here, you'll find suggestions for improving your diet and lifestyle, along with tips for maintaining good health and recommendations for consultations.

Disclaimer

- Copyright protects this report, reproduction, distribution, or transmission without permission is prohibited.
- CrelioHealth is not liable for damages, consult your doctor before taking action.
- The analysis is based on blood data.
- Recommendations might not be suitable for individuals under 18 or pregnant women.
- The report provides comprehensive information but does not replace medical advice.
- Take precautions for allergies or sensitivities.

ANALYSIS

Summary

Dummy Patient Booking ID : 469146911

Congratulations

for getting a health check done. This is the first step towards taking control of your health



Critical Parameters

We have observed that the below given critical parameters, which can have impact on your health.



Fasting Glucose 20.38 ng/mL

Need Attention



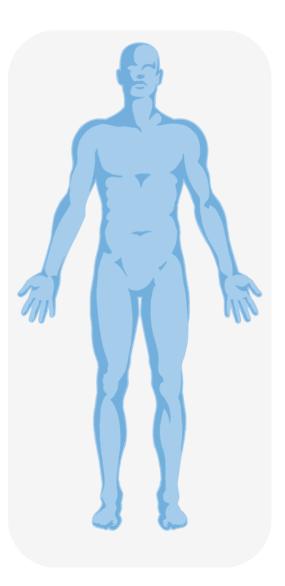
Vitamin D 20.38 ng/mL

Need Attention



Vitamin B12 87 pg/mL

Need Attention



ANALYSIS

Summary

Dummy Patient Booking ID : 469146911

Critical Parameters

We have observed that the below given critical parameters, which can have impact on your health.

Glucose Fasting

Fasting blood glucose measures the level of glucose (sugar) in the blood after an individual has not eaten for at least 8 hours. It is an essential test for diagnosing and monitoring diabetes and other metabolic disorders.

Impact

Elevated fasting glucose levels can lead to long-term complications like cardiovascular disease, neuropathy, kidney damage, and retinopathy if left unmanaged.

How to improve?

Avoid excessive consumption of sugary foods, refined carbohydrates, and high-fat foods; instead, incorporate whole grains, fruits, vegetables, and lean proteins into your diet.

Test Value

84 mg/dl Normal Value 70 - 100 mg/dl

Within range

Vitamin D

Vitamin D is a fat-soluble vitamin essential for maintaining healthy bones and teeth, supporting immune system function, brain health, and overall well-being. It is measured through a blood test, usually in the form of 25-hydroxyvitamin D [25(OH)D], which is the main circulating form of vitamin D in the body.

Impact

Low vitamin D levels can lead to bone disorders such as rickets in children and osteomalacia or osteoporosis in adults. It can also weaken the immune system and increase the risk of chronic diseases such as cardiovascular disease and certain cancers.

How to improve?

Spend more time in sunlight, especially in the early morning or late afternoon, to boost natural vitamin D production. Follow a doctor's recommendation for vitamin D supplementation if levels are significantly low.

Test Value

20.38 ng/mL Normal Value 30 - 100 mg/dl

Out of range

Smart Report

ANALYSIS

Summary

Dummy Patient Booking ID : 469146911

Vitamin B12

Vitamin B12 is an essential water-soluble vitamin found in animal products like meat, fish, dairy, and eggs, and is crucial for red blood cell formation, neurological function, and DNA synthesis. It requires a protein called intrinsic factor for absorption in the stomach.

Impact

Vitamin B12 deficiency can lead to anemia, neurological issues, fatigue, weakness, and cognitive disturbances.

How to improve?

Increase Intake of B12-Rich Foods: Consume more meat, fish, dairy products, and eggs. Especially for vegetarians, vegans, and older adults, get regular blood tests to monitor B12 levels. Maintain gut health through probiotics to improve nutrient absorption.

Test Value

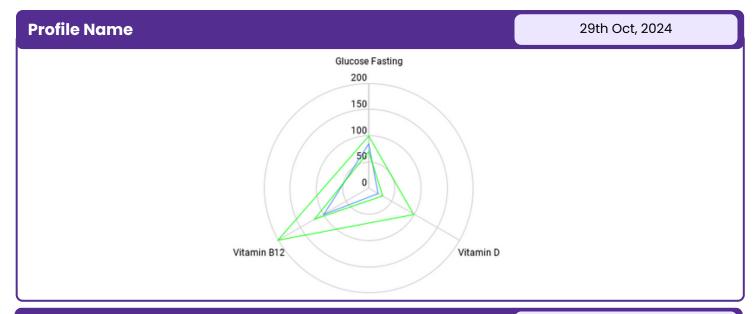
87 pg/mL Normal Value 120 - 914 pg/mL

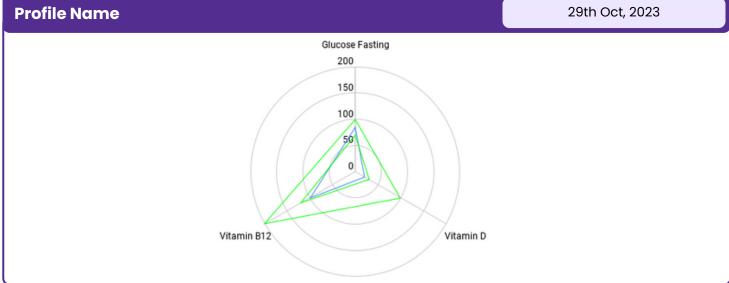
Out of range

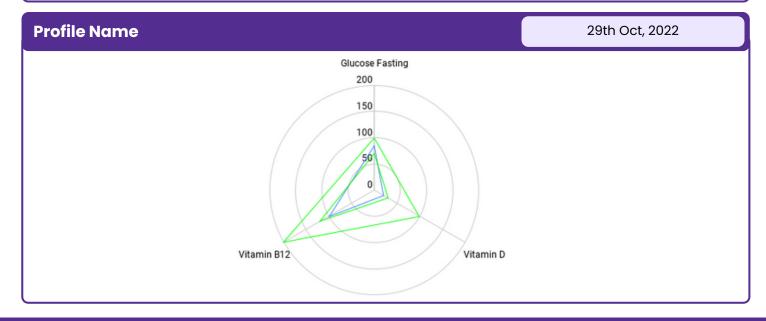
ANALYSIS

Critical Parameter Trend

Dummy Patient Booking ID : 469146911







Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Ref. Doctor	12	Sample Collected On	:
Ref. Client Name	d d	Billed On	:
Sample ID	1	Reported On	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
	EXTENDED	CBC HAEN	IOGRAM / ESR	
Haemoglobin	13.6	g/dl	12.0-15.0	Photometry
RED BLOOD CELLS				
Erythrocytes (RBC)	4.69	10^6/µl	3.8-4.8	Optical
Hematocrit (HCT)	42.8	%	36-46	Calculated
MCV	91.2	fL	83-101	Measured
мсн	29.0	pg	27-32	Calculated
мснс	31.8	g/dl	31.5-34.5	Calculated
RDW SD	12.7	%	11.6-14.0	Measured
RBC MORPHOLOGY				
Hyper	0.1	%	-	Light Scatter
Нуро	5.9	%	-	Light Scatter
Macro	0.4	%		Light Scatter
Micro	0.3	%		Light Scatter
WHITE BLOOD CELLS				
Total WBC Count	7830	/cu.m.m	4000-10000	Flowcytometry
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
Neutrophils	45.9	%	40-80	Peroxidase
Lymphocytes	38.7	%	20-40	Peroxidase
Eosinophils	7.4	%	1-6	Peroxidase
Monocytes	4.6	%	2-10	Peroxidase
Basophils	1.3	%	0-2	Peroxidase
Atypical Lymphocytes (LUC)	2.0	%		Peroxidase

Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Ref. Doctor	1	Sample Collected On	:
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Sample ID	1	Reported On	:

ABSOLUTE COUNT

Neutrophils	3593	/uL	2000-7000	Peroxidase
Lymphocytes	3030	/uL	1000-3000	Peroxidase
Eosinophils	579	/uL	20-500	Peroxidase
Monocytes	360	/uL	200-1000	Peroxidase
Basophils	101	/uL	20-100	Peroxidase
PLATELETS				
Platelet Count	285000	/cu.m.m	150000-410000	Optical
Mean Platelet Volume	7.2	fL	•	Measured
(MPV)				
PCT	0.20	%	-	Calculated
PDW	39.6	%	-	Calculated
Large Platelet	2000	/cu.m.m	-	Optical

Note:

- Immature Platelet Fraction (IPF) applicable in cases of Platelets less than 50,000 / cumm.
- · Haemograms are reviewed and confirmed microscopically.

Interpretation:

Immature Platelet Fraction more than 10% indicates recovery of platelet count within 48 hours.

References: Dacie and Lewis Practical hematology, Eleventh Edition

Erythrocyte	06	mm/hr	< 20	Capillary
Sedimentation				Photometry
Rate (ESR)				

Interpretation:

High ESR is not diagnostics of any disease but just indicative of some inflammatory process. ESR is to be used to monitor outcome of therapy. Microcytic anemia can increase ESR. High ESR can also be seen in apparently healthy adults.

Specimen Type: EDTA Whole Blood

END OF REPORT

Patient Name : Dummy Patient : Patient ID / Billing ID :

Age / Sex : 69 years / Female : Specimen Collected at :

Ref. Doctor : Sample Collected On :

Ref. Client Name : Billed On :

Reported On :

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Sample ID

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Sample ID	1	Reported On	:
Ref. Client Name	4	Billed On	:
Ref. Doctor	:	Sample Collected On	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Ref	erence Interval	Method
-	HBA1C GI	LYCATED H	IAEMOGLOBIN		
HbA1C (EDTA Whole Blood)	5.8	%	< 5.7 % 5.7 % to 6.4% 6.5 % or higher	: Normal * : Pre-diabetes r : Diabetes	HPLC
Estimated Blood Glucose (eBG)	119.76	mg/dl			Calculated

Interpretation:

- HbA1c is used for monitoring diabetic control. It reflects the estimated blood glucose (eBG) over three months.
- Trends in HbA1c are a better indicator of diabetic control than a solitary test.
- HbA1c Estimation can get affected in Anemia, Chronic renal failure.
- HbA1c is falsely low in diabetics with hemolytic disease. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetics control over 15 days.

Remark:

Icterus / lipemic sample & HbF concentration more than 10% may interfere with the assay.

If Homozygous Hemoglobinopathy is detected ,fructoseamine is recommended for monitoring diabetic status.

Reference:

* https://www.diabetes.org/a1c/diagnosis

END OF REPORT

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Ref. Doctor	12	Sample Collected On	:
Ref. Client Name	d	Billed On	:
Sample ID	1	Reported On	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
	GI	LUCOSE FA	ASTING	
Glucose Fasting (Plasma)	104	mg/dl	74 - 106	Hexokinase

Interpretation:

Fasting Blood Sugar more than 126 mg/dl on more than one occasion can indicate Diabetes Mellitus.

END OF REPORT

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Designation

Dr. Doctor Three

Sample ID	*	Reported On	:
Ref. Client Name	€	Billed On	:
Ref. Doctor	:	Sample Collected On	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
	BIOCH	EMISTRY TO	OTUS PLUS	-
Creatinine	0.80	mg/dl	0.55 - 1.02	Alk. picrate IDMS
Blood Urea Nitrogen BUN	9	mg/dl	7 - 18	Urease with GLDH
Blood Urea	19.26	mg/dl	15 - 38	Calculated
Uric Acid	4.6	mg/dL	2.6 - 6.0	Uricase-Colorimetric
Calcium Total	8.7	mg/dl	8.5 - 10.1	OCPC
Sodium	138.5	mmol/l	136 - 142	ISE
Potassium	4.25	mmol/l	3.6 - 5.0	ISE
Chloride	100.8	mmol/l	99 - 104	ISE
Ionised Calcium	1.10	mmol/l	1.10 - 1.35	Direct ISE

END OF REPORT

Dr. Doctor One Designation Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:	
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:	
Ref. Doctor	:	Sample Collected On	:	
Ref. Client Name	:	Billed On	:	
Sample ID	:	Reported On	:	

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method	
<u>LIPID PROFILE</u>					
Total Cholesterol	219	mg/dl	Desirable : < 200 Borderline High : 201 - 240 High : > 240	Cholestrol Oxidase Esterase Peroxidase	
Triglycerides	158	mg/dl	Normal : < 150 Borderline High : 151 - 199 High : ≥ 200	Enzymatic , Endpoint	
HDL Cholesterol	53	mg/dl	< 40 Low ≥ 60 High	Direct Measure PEG	
Non HDL Cholesterol	166	mg/dl	Desirable : < 130 Boderline high : 130 - 159 High : ≥ 160	Calculated	
LDL Cholesterol	134.40	mg/dl	Optimal : <100 Near / Above Optimal : 101 - 129 Borderline High : 130 - 159 High : ≥ 160	Calculated	
VLDL Cholesterol	31.60	mg/dl	Below 30	Calculated	
CHOL/HDL Ratio	4.13		Desirable/Low Risk: 3.3 - 4.4 Borderline/Middle Risk: 4.5 - 7.7 Elevated/High Risk: 7.2 - 11.0	Calculated	
Cholesterol LDL/HDL Ratio	2.54		Desirable/Low Risk: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline/Middle Risk: 3.1 - 6.0 Elevated/High Risk: >6.1	Calculated	
Specimen Type : Serum			And the second s		
Appearance of Serum	Clear				

END OF REPORT

Patient Name : Dummy Patient : Patient ID / Billing ID :

Age / Sex : 69 years / Female : Specimen Collected at :

Ref. Doctor : Sample Collected On :

Ref. Client Name : Billed On :
Sample ID : Reported On :

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Ref. Doctor	:	Sample Collected On	:
Ref. Client Name	4	Billed On	:
Sample ID	1	Reported On	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
	THYR	OID PANEL	1, TOTAL	
Tri-iodothyronine (T3)	96.34	ng/dl	Adults Euthyroid :60 to 181 Hypothyroid :less than 60 Hyperthyroid :greater than 181	CLIA
Thyroxine (T4)	6.7	μg/dL	Hypothyroid 0.0- 5.5 Euthyroid 4.5 - 10.9 Hyperthyroid 10.8-19.1 Pregnant Euthyroid 6.4- 10.7 Cord Blood (0 day) 7.4 - 13.0 Neonatal (1-4 days) 14.0 - 28.4	CLIA
TSH-Ultrasensitive	14.872	µ IU/mL	2-20 Weeks - 7.2 - 15.7 0.55-4.78 1st Trimester: 0.1-2.5 2nd Trimester: 0.2-3.0 3rd Trimester: 0.3-3.0	CLIA

Specimen Type: Serum

Medical Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.

Interpretation:

It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. Low TSH levels can be observed in conditions such as goiter, noncancerous tumors or Graves's disease and during the first trimester of pregnancy. High TSH can be observed in surgery, psychiatric medications, radiation therapy or an autoimmune disease.

Disclaimer:

- 1. TSH results may vary due to different instruments and methodology.
- 2. Results may vary due to reasons such as medication, with time of administration and time of blood collection.
- 3. There are minimal & transient variations in thyroid function indicators during the normal menstrual cycle & pregnancy.
- Systemic disease states, referred to as nonthyroidal illnesses, are associated with a variety of alternations in thyroid hormone metabolism.
- 5. Acute trauma, including surgery, also is associated with alterations in thyroid function indicators.
- 6. Various medications interfere with results such as NSAIDS, Beta blockers, PPIs, Aspirin etc.

Patient Name : Dummy Patient : Patient ID / Billing ID :
Age / Sex : 69 years / Female : Specimen Collected at :

Ref. Doctor : Sample Collected On :

Ref. Client Name : Billed On :
Sample ID : Reported On :

END OF REPORT

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

Patient Name	: Dummy Patient	Patient ID / Billing ID	:
Age / Sex	: 69 years / Female	Specimen Collected at	:
Ref. Doctor	12	Sample Collected On	:
Ref. Client Name	4	Billed On	:
Sample ID	3	Reported On	:

Test Name	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
Vitamin D Total-25	45.09	ng/mL	Deficiency : < 10	CLIA
Hydroxy			Insufficiency: 10-30	
(Serum)			Sufficiency: 30-100	
			Toxicity:>100	

Interpretation:

- 1. Vitamin D is a fat soluble vitamin and exists in two main forms as cholecalciferol (vitamin D3) which is synthesized in skin from 7-dehydrocholesterol in response to sunlight exposure and Ergocalciferol (vitamin D2) present mainly in dietary sources. Both cholecalciferol are converted to 25 (OH)vitamin D in liver.
- 2. Testing for 25 (OH) vitamin D is recommended as it is the best indicator of vitamin D nutritional status as obtained from sunlight exposure and dietary intake. For diagnosis of vitamin Ddeficiencay it is recommended to have clinical correlation with serum 25 (OH) vitamin D, serum calcium, serum PTH and serum alkaline phosphatase.
- 3. During monitoring of oral vitamin D therapy-suggested testing of serum 25(OH) vitamin D is after 12 weeks or d months of treatment. However, the required dosage of vitamin D supplements and time to achieve sufficient vitamin D levels show significant seasonal (especially winter) & individual variability depending on age, body fat, sun exposure, physical activity, genetic factors (especially variable vitamin D receptor response), associated liver or renal disease, malabsorption syndromes and calcium or magnesium deficiency influencing the vitamin D metabolism vitamin D toxicity is known but very rare. Kindly correlate clinically, repeat with fresh sample if indicated. Vitamin D is essential for the formation and maintenance of strong, healthy bones.

Vitamin B12 273 pg/mL 211 - 911 CLIA

Cyanocobalamin (Serum)

Interpretation:

Decreased serum B12 level causes macrocytic anemia and pancytopenia. Vit. B12 levels are deceased in magaloblastic anemia, gastrectomy, peripheral neuropathies, chronic alcoholism and treated epilepsy. Dietary sources of vitamin B12 are meat, eggs, milk and milk products.

END OF REPORT

Patient Name : Dummy Patient : Patient ID / Billing ID :

Age / Sex : 69 years / Female : Specimen Collected at :

Ref. Doctor : Sample Collected On :

Ref. Client Name : Billed On :
Sample ID : Reported On :

Dr. Doctor One Designation

Dr. Doctor Two Designation

ADVISORY

Recommendations

Dummy Patient Booking ID : 432143211



Nutritional Advice

- Do's: Maintain a balanced diet with whole grains, dairy, fruits, vegetables, and healthy fats. Include calcium-rich foods and nuts. Eat fruits like apples, berries, and melons.
- Don'ts: Limit sugar intake, avoid high cholesterol and calorie-dense foods, and reduce caffeine intake. Avoid saturated fats and oily foods.



Suggested Lifestyle

- Do's: Maintain ideal weight and have regular exposure to sunlight.
- Don'ts: Avoid long gaps in meals, strenuous exercises, smoking, alcohol, and long periods of inactivity.



Physical Activity

- Engage in physical activity for at least 30 minutes a day, 3-4 days a week.
 Options include walking, jogging, sports, stretching, yoga, and light weight lifting.
- Choose activities that you enjoy and can easily incorporate into your routine. Always consult with a healthcare professional before starting any new exercise regimen, especially if you have any existing health conditions.



Stress Management

- Manage stress with sufficient sleep, meditation, positive attitude, humor, travel, social interaction, and hobbies.
- By incorporating these practices into your daily life, you can effectively manage stress and improve your overall quality of life.

Smart Report

Your Health, Our Priority

At our diagnostics lab, we understand how important your health is. That's why we offer a wide range of accurate and reliable testing services to help you stay on top of your well-being. Our state-of-the-art facilities and highly trained professionals ensure that you receive the best care possible.

Health Awareness Matters

Regular check-ups are crucial for early detection and prevention of health issues. By prioritizing your health today, you pave the way for a healthier tomorrow.

Health Packages

